## HILLTOWN TOWNSHIP BUCKS COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

**Financial Report** 

December 31, 2018



# HILLTOWN TOWNSHIP BUCKS COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

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# HILLTOWN TOWNSHIP BUCKS COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

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#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

To the Board of Supervisors Hilltown Township Hilltown, Pennsylvania

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Hilltown Township, Bucks County, Pennsylvania, as of December 31, 2018, and for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the basic financial statements of Hilltown Township's primary government as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibilities for the Financial Statements

The Township's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to in the first paragraph present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the government activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Hilltown Township, Bucks County, Pennsylvania as of December 31, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and other required information on pages 3-17 and 58-67 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquires, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with evidence sufficient to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Township's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and combining pension trust fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and combining pension trust fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and related directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other records used to prepare the financial statements are to the financial statements are additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our o

DunlapSLK, PC

Chalfont, Pa. June 19, 2019

Our discussion and analysis of Hilltown Township's financial performance provides an overview of the Township's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2018. Please read it in conjunction with the Township's financial statements, which begin on page 18.

## FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

During the year the Township completed several capital projects including the installation of a salt storage structure which holds approximately 900 tons of road salt. This structure in addition to the existing salt storage building brings the Township's total capacity for salt storage to 1500 tons. This will enable the Township to be better prepared in the event of salt shortages which have happened in the past. In addition, the kitchen located in the Administration side of the building was renovated. The existing kitchen was thirty (30) years old and the appliances had ceased working several years ago. The Public Works Department and the Police Department replaced aging vehicles in order to maintain fleet dependability.

#### **USING THIS REPORT**

The report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities (on page 18 and 19-20) provide information about the activities of the Township as a whole and present a longer-term view of the Township's finances. Fund financial statements start on page 21. For governmental activities, these statements tell how Township services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the Township's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the Township's major funds. The remaining statements provide financial information about activities for which the Township acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside the government.

#### Reporting on the Township as a Whole

The Statement of New Position and Statement of Activities report information about the Township as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer the question of whether or not the Township is better or worse off as a result of the year's activities. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting methods used by most private sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when each is received or paid. These statements report the Township's net position and changes to it. The Township's net position (the difference between assets and deferred outflows, and liabilities and deferred inflows) provide a measurement of the Township's financial health, or financial position. Overtime, increases or decreases in net position are indicators of whether the Township's financial health is improving or deteriorating.

#### **USING THIS REPORT** (Continued)

#### **Reporting Significant Funds**

The Fund Financial Statements begin on page 21 and provide detailed information about the most significant funds, not the Township as a whole. Some Funds are required to be established by State law. However, the Board of Supervisors established many other funds to help it control or manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants and other money.

The Township's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows in and out of those funds and balances left at year end that area available for spending. These funds are reported using the modified accrual basis of accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can be converted to cash. The government fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Township's general government operations and the basic service it provides. Governmental fund information helps to determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance Township programs. The relationship (or difference) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds are described in a reconciliation at the end of the fund financial statements.

#### The Township as a Trustee

The Township is a trustee, or fiduciary, for its employees' pensions. It is important to note here that the original pension contracts were issued with the Pennsylvania Municipal Retirement System in the late 1980's. At the end of 2012 these contracts were revised and updated to include current Internal Revenue and Pennsylvania regulations. The Police pension contract was again updated in December of 2014 to include the (DROP) Deferred Retirement Option Program, effective January 1, 2015. This change was a result of collective bargaining. Four Officers elected to participate in this program. The first Officer retired before his due date and the second Officer retired in May 2018. An additional Officer retired before his due date in November 2018. An additional Officer will retire in January 2019.

Hilltown Township is also responsible for escrow deposits from developers, businesses, and individuals for legal and engineering fees. The Township is also responsible for escrow deposits for on-lot septic systems. All of the Township's fiduciary activities are reported in separate Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and Changes in Fiduciary Net Position on pages 25-26. These activities are excluded from the Township's other financial statements because the Township cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The Township is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

#### THE TOWNSHIP AS A WHOLE

The Statement of Net Position provides an overview of the Township's assets, deferred inflows, liabilities, deferred outflows, and net position. Overtime this statement will provide a good indication of the Township's fiscal health.

		Sition		
Account	2018	2017	\$ Change	% Change
Capital Assets	\$ 22,731,060	\$ 22,882,147	\$ (151,087)	(0.66)
Current and Other Assets Total Assets	<u>13,479,231</u> <u>36,210,291</u>	<u>12,672,093</u> <u>35,554,240</u>	<u>807,138</u> 656,051	6.37 1.85
Deferred Outflows	747,911	1,258,178	(510,267)	(40.56)
Long-Term Liabilities Other Liabilities	159,835 163,859	1,782,963 281,950	(1,623,128) (118,091)	(91.04) (41.88)
Total Liabilities	323,694	2,064,913	(1,741,219)	(84.32)
Deferred Inflows	1,758,946	572,267	1,186,679	207.36
Net Position Invested in Capital Assets,				
Net of Related Debt	22,401,767	22,882,147	(480,380)	(2.10)
Restricted	6,916,335	7,166,306	(249,971)	(3.49)
Unrestricted	5,557,460	4,126,785	1,430,675	34.67
Total Net Position	\$ 34,875,562	\$ 34,175,238	\$ 700,324	2.05

#### Table 1 Net Position

The total net position of the Township shown is approximately \$34.9 million. However, this does not include certain physical assets such as traffic lights, storm sewers and drainage structures acquired or constructed before January 1, 2004. Current assets increased substantially and current liabilities decreased due to the performance of the pension fund – the actuarial valuation for the year resulted in a large net pension liability in 2017 turning into a net pension asset for 2018. Net position shows an increase of 2.05%.

Table 2

# THE TOWNSHIP AS A WHOLE (Continued)

	Changes in N	et Position		
Account	2018	2017	\$ Change	% Change
Program Revenues				
General Government	\$ 358,772	\$ 421,530	\$ (62,758)	(14.89)
Police	384,094	366,159	17,935	4.90
Fire	117,806	128,060	(10,254)	(8.01)
Code Enforcement	537,247	544,441	(7,194)	(1.32)
Highway Maintenance	884,465	4,878,852	(3,994,387)	(81.87)
Snow Removal	500	5,650	(5,150)	(91.15)
Traffic Signals	5,110	6,816	(1,706)	(25.03)
Street Lighting	55,533	0	55,533	100.00
Parks and Recreation	79,295	18,645	60,650	325.29
General Revenues				
Real Estate Taxes	1,959,863	1,935,225	24,638	1.27
Transfer Taxes	553,232	540,074	13,158	2.44
Earned Income Taxes	2,956,723	2,863,575	93,148	3.25
Other Taxes	234,815	261,480	(26,665)	(10.20)
Interest and Rents	271,898	175,996	95,902	54.49
Miscellaneous	184,835	59,252	125,583	211.95
Total Revenues (Forwarded)	\$ 8,584,188	\$12,205,755	\$(3,621,567)	(29.67)

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# THE TOWNSHIP AS A WHOLE (Continued)

# Table 2Changes in Net Position

Account	2018	2017	\$ Change	% Change
Total Revenues (Forwarded)	\$ 8,584,188	\$12,205,755	\$(3,621,567)	(29.67)
Program Expenses				
Legislative	68,665	53,418	15,247	28.54
Executive	154,721	165,673	(10,952)	(6.61)
Finance and Tax Collection	188,311	191,018	(2,707)	(1.42)
Professional Services	146,198	120,043	26,155	21.79
General Government	796,930	921,835	(124,905)	(13.55)
Police	3,436,870	3,583,706	(146,836)	(4.10)
Fire	337,305	349,534	(12,229)	(3.50)
Code Enforcement	334,066	342,480	(8,414)	(2.46)
Highway Maintenance	2,058,454	2,158,566	(100, 112)	(4.64)
Snow and Ice Removal	181,677	95,519	86,158	90.20
Traffic Signals	31,830	58,265	(26,435)	(45.37)
Street Lighting	52,505	45,887	6,618	14.42
Parks and Recreation	88,279	109,393	(21,114)	(19.30)
Conservation and Development	8,053	8,376	(323)	(3.86)
Total Expenses	7,883,864	8,203,713	(319,849)	(3.90)
Changes in Net Position	\$ 700,324	\$ 4,002,042	\$(3,301,718)	(82.50)

Total revenue from all sources was approximately \$8.6 million. Real Estate taxes continued to be assessed at 8.75 mills and showed a moderate growth. Transfer taxes increased by 2.4% over the prior year. Earned Income Tax (EIT) revenue showed a growth of 3.25%. The Open Space Fund (EIT) assessment, which was suspended for the year 2017 remained suspended for 2018 and is scheduled to remain suspended for 2019 as well. Highway maintenance program revenues declined nearly \$4 million due to the fact that there were easements valued at \$4,030,000 dedicated to the Township in 2017.

# THE TOWNSHIP AS A WHOLE (Continued)

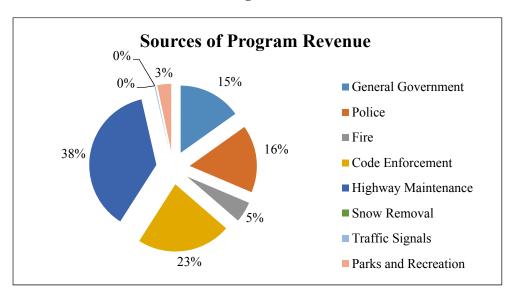
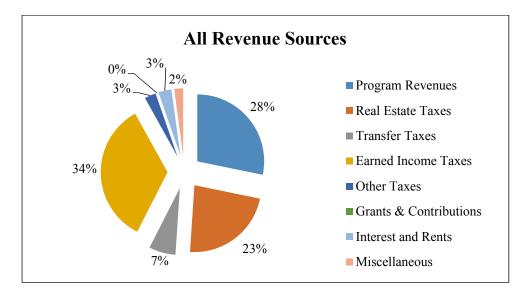


Figure 1

Figure 2



## THE TOWNSHIP AS A WHOLE (Continued)

#### **Expense Overview**

Total expenses in all categories were approximately \$7.9 million, which is a decrease over 2017 of 3.90%. Police and Public Works are the largest expenses accounting for spending of approximately \$5.4 million. This number is down from 2018 due to cost savings in almost all areas. The Public Works Department as well as the Police Department saw several retirements which were backfilled with employees starting at the beginning of progression rather than being at top rates. Careful budgeting and fiscal prudence aided in containing spending while services remained consistent.

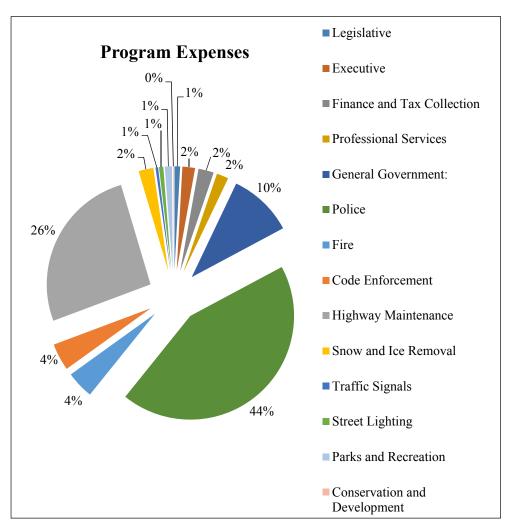


Figure 3

#### **ITEMS OF GENERAL INTEREST**

#### Fire

Residents and businesses of the Township are served by the Hilltown Township Volunteer Fire Company, Perkasie Fire Company, Sellersville Fire Company, Dublin Fire Company, Silverdale Fire Company, Souderton Fire Company, and Telford Fire Company. There are mutual aid agreements and central dispatching throughout the area. A fire tax of 0.75 mills is assessed and the proceeds of this tax are distributed to the fire companies based on a formula of 50% area covered and 50% assessed valuation. The following disbursements were made in 2018.

Dublin Fire Company	\$ 24,875
Hilltown Township Volunteer Fire Company	38,815
Perkasie Fire Company	3,960
Sellersville Fire Company	8,045
Silverdale Fire Company	39,871
Souderton Fire Company	9,557
Telford Fire Company	645
Total	\$ 125,768

In addition, in 2018 for the 6<sup>th</sup> year, Telford Borough received \$6,232 in fire tax funds in payment for Worker's Compensation Insurance. Telford Borough calculated that this amount represented the cost of Worker's Compensation Insurance for Telford Fire Company's coverage of Hilltown Township. Hilltown Township also paid \$19,606 For Worker's Compensation Insurance for the Hilltown Township Volunteer Fire Company from General Funds.

In addition to the above Hilltown Township also paid \$29,539 for Hilltown Township Volunteer Fire Company's property, equipment and liability insurance coverage.

The Volunteer Fire Relief Associations also received an allocation from the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. This allocation is made in accordance with Act 205 of 1984 which stipulates that 50% of the allocation is based on the population of the municipality, and 50% is determined by the market value of real estate in the municipality. The Township received a disbursement of \$117,806. These funds are derived from a charge that the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania imposes on Insurance Companies located outside of Pennsylvania who are doing business within the State.

#### ITEMS OF GENERAL INTEREST (Continued)

#### Fire (Continued)

The monies were distributed as follows:

Dublin Fire Company Relief Association	\$ 22,201
Hilltown Township Volunteer Fire Co. Relief Assoc.	34,641
Perkasie Fire Company Relief Association	3,534
Sellersville Fire Company Relief Association	7,180
Silverdale Fire Company Relief Association	35,583
Souderton Fire Company Relief Association	8,529
Telford Fire Company Relief Association	6,138
Total	\$ 117,806

#### **Ambulance Service**

The Township is served by four (4) ambulance companies. They are Chal-Brit Ambulance, Grand View Hospital Ambulance, Point Pleasant-Plumsteadville Regional Ambulance and Souderton Ambulance. They are centrally dispatched by Bucks County Emergency Management. The Board of Supervisors, in fiscal year 2010 voted to provide financial assistance to the primary ambulance companies servicing Hilltown Township. That financial assistance was continued in 2018. The disbursements were made as follows:

Point Pleasant-Plumsteadville Regional Ambulance	\$ 5,040
Chal-Brit Regional Ambulance	19,320
Souderton Ambulance	17,640
Total	\$ 42,000

#### Water

Residents and businesses of the Township are served by Hilltown Township Water and Sewer Authority (HTWSA), Telford Borough Authority (TBA), North Penn Water Authority (NPWA), and primarily on-lot water systems.

#### Waste Water

Residents and businesses of the Township are principally served by HTWSA, TBA, and primarily on-lot sewage disposal systems. The Township has no financial or management control of the sewer authorities.

#### ITEMS OF GENERAL INTEREST (Continued)

#### **Public Facilities**

The Township owns two parks along with scattered open space parcels. The Township is continuing the creation of a third park in the Forest Road area. The Township municipal building is 30 years old and houses both the Police Department and the administrative offices. The Public Works Department is located to the rear of the Township administration building in facilities approximately 14 years old and centralizes all Township services.

#### ANALYSIS OF INDIVIDUAL FUNDS

#### **Special Revenue Funds**

#### Liquid Fuels Fund

The following roads had paving and oil and chip programs. This work was completed by Asphalt Maintenance Solutions, LLC for \$51,718.

Middle Road – from Dublin Borough to Broad Street Fretz Road – from Middle Road to Broad Street Forest Road – from Minsi Trail to Rickert Road Frontier Road – from Rickert Road to Dublin Pike

The following roads had ultra-thin bonded wearing course and Grad B-SRL-H, PG 64-22 Applied in Place applications. This work was completed by Asphalt Maintenance Solutions, LLC for \$176,498.

Rosewood Drive – from Central Avenue to End Holly Court – from Rosewood Drive to End Briarwood Drive – from Route 113 to Schultz Road Brinkley Drive – from Briarwood Drive to Schultz Road Glenwood Drive – from Diamond Street to Hillcrest Road The following roads were paved by the public works department:

> Highland Park Road – from Diamond St. to W. Rockhill Township Line Board Street – from Upper Church Road to Welcome House Road Quarry Road – from Minsi Trail to Blooming Glen Road Middle Road – from Upper Stump Road to Broad Street Welcome House Road – from Broad Street to Dublin Road (Leveling Course Only)

The above in-house paving projects were completed using General Fund monies allocated in the 2018 budget.

In addition to the above roads, additional road surfaces were patch paved in order to preserve the road surface for future work.

#### ANALYSIS OF INDIVIDUAL FUNDS (Continued)

#### Special Revenue Funds (Continued)

#### **Open Space Fund**

Collection of the Earned Income Tax in the Open Space Fund has been suspended since 2015. This suspension continues into 2019.

#### Street Light, Fire Tax, and Park and Recreation Funds

The Street Light Fund is used to cover the cost of street lighting within Township developments. The street light assessment was reinstated in 2018. Otherwise, these funds had routine and unremarkable results in 2018.

#### **Capital Projects Funds**

#### **Road Equipment Fund and Operating Reserve Fund**

The Road Equipment Fund is used to purchase on-road equipment for the Public Works Department.

The Operating Reserve Fund was created by the Board of Supervisors in order to minimize future revenue shortfalls and deficits, provide greater continuity and predictability in the funding of vital government services, minimize the need to increase taxes to balance the budget in times of fiscal distress, provide the capacity to undertake long-range financial planning and develop fiscal resources to meet long-term needs. This fund is combined with the General Fund in the fund financial statements.

#### **Pension Plans**

Full-time employees are also members of the Police or Non-Uniform local pension plans. The pension plans for both groups are managed by the Pennsylvania Municipal Retirement System. The Township is eligible for Act 205 assistance in the form of State Aid which for 2017 was \$210,797. These monies are collected from Insurance Companies located outside of the State but doing business within the State.

The Minimum Municipal Obligation (MMO) was as follows:

Police Pension Plan	\$ 264,928
Non-Uniform Plan	101,554
Total	\$ 366,482

#### ANALYSIS OF INDIVIDUAL FUNDS (Continued)

#### **Pension Funds** (Continued)

The Minimum Municipal Obligation is calculated based on total payroll information from the prior year. Multiplying rates are set by the actuarial studies performed every other year. Administrative charges are then included. Any actuarial surpluses or deficiencies are then amortized. The Pennsylvania Municipal Retirement System (PMRS) sets this amount based on the actuarial study.

Police officers of the Township were required to begin contributing to their pension plans as a result of an arbitration award granted in 2009. They are currently contributing the maximum allowed of 5%. The rate will remain at 5% in 2019. The police member contributions totaled \$85,197 for 2018.

## CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

#### **Discussion of Future Plans**

The budget consists of seven operating funds and four capital improvement funds. It is prepared in lineitem format in accordance with the Pennsylvania Chart of Accounts for local government published by the State Department of Community and Economic Development (DCED).

An analysis of the 2019 budget will show that the Township is maintaining municipal services in such areas as Police protection, code enforcement, fire protection, and public works services at or above present levels. The 2019 budget provides the necessary resources to these important areas to achieve the priorities, goals, and policies of the Board and for the Township to continue to fulfill its obligations to provide for health, safety, and welfare of the community.

The 2019 budget carries forward any projects which were not completed in 2018. The Police Department will be replacing one (1) vehicle, one (1) mobile video recorder, two (2) tasers, three (3) computers, and two (2) speed boards. There is a possibility that the records management software may have to be replaced and well as accident reconstruction equipment.

The budget also includes \$165,000 in additional paving monies to supplement the Liquid Fuel Funds used for that purpose.

The Road Equipment Budget includes a replacement dump truck and a replacement backhoe.

The <u>Capital Projects Budget</u> includes funds to continue renovations of the Township Building such as administration bathrooms, lobby bathrooms, front and back doors to the building as well as a possible replacement of the oil burner which is now thirty (30) years old.

The <u>Recreation Capital Reserve Budget</u> includes funding for the beginning of the walking path extension which was slated to begin in 2018 but due to weather constraints was delayed and will begin in the spring of 2019. Also, plans to begin the Forest Road Park remain a priority and should begin in spring of 2019 as well.

#### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION (Continued)

#### Discussion of Future Plans (Continued)

The <u>Park and Recreation Budget</u> includes basic operating costs of the existing parks and expenses incurred in hosting the Easter Egg Hunt. The budget also includes the purchase or a replacement pick-up truck. The revenues indicated are from the rental or park facilities and advertising revenue from the signs at the baseball field as well as .20 mills of real estate taxes.

The <u>Fire Budget</u> continues using 0.75 mills and use the same assessment as does the General Fund. The fund covers Hilltown Fire Company's insurance and fire hydrant rentals and retains \$4,000 for the beginning of 2020. The remainder of the funds are distributed to the seven fire companies using the 50% area and 50% assessment formula.

The <u>Street Light Budget</u> calls for an assessment on properties benefiting from street lights. This is primarily within developments. This assessment was discontinued for years 2016 and 2017 as funds were adequate to cover the cost of utilities. Those excess funds have now been exhausted and the assessment needs to be reapplied to the annual tax bills for 2019.

The <u>Operating Reserve Budget</u> remains the same for 2019. If additional funds become available during 2019 a transfer can be made at that time.

The <u>State Highway Aid Budget (Liquid Fuels)</u> indicates a small increase in revenue as announced by the Pennsylvania Department of Transportation. Depending on conditions this winter the public works department should have approximately \$421,350 available for paving projects. They hope to include the following roads:

Entire Country Roads Development Beech Lane Orchard Road between Diamond and Walnut Streets Spur Road

The above listed roads are the current plan depending on the prices of materials when bidding occurs.

#### ECONOMIC FORCAST

As discussed above, the Township derives its operating revenue from a variety of other sources in addition to real estate taxes. These include Act 511 taxes such as a ½% levy on earned income of residents. A local services tax of \$47.00 per year is also assessed on individuals working in the community, many of whom do not live in the Township but take advantage of its services. The Township also receives revenue from a 1% transfer tax on real estate sales, fees for licenses and permits, interest on investments, rents, royalties, grants and charges for use of municipal services.

It is anticipated that in 2019, earned income tax will remain stable showing moderate growth. The Open Space Tax on earned income will remain suspended. Real estate transfer taxes will show growth due to new housing being developed. Several developments within the Township are underway and are selling very well. An over fifty-five community will continue to be developed in 2019 and is also selling very well.

Tax rates for 2019 remain the same as 2018. The tax rates are as follows:

General purposes	7.30 mills
Fire Protection	0.75 mills
Park and Recreation	0.20 mills
Road Equipment Acquisition	0.50 mills

For the homeowner with an assessed value of \$36,000, the total real estate tax paid to the Township is \$315.00.

It is important to note that there have been no increases in Real Estate Taxes since 2011 bringing a total of eight straight years with stable tax rates.

It is with these factors in mind that the 2019 budget indicates some limited growth constantly staying mindful of cost constraints. A priority of all staff is seeking better value and lower costs for the tax dollars spent.

### CONTACTING THE TOWNSHIP'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT TEAM

The Management Discussion and Analysis is intended to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and creditors with a general, plain English overview of important financial matters. The Township's Manager and Treasurer is Lorraine E. Leslie who can be reached at 215-453-6000 extension 212. The Township's Finance Director can be reached by contacting Marianne Egan at 215-453-6000 extension 213. The Township can also be reached by fax at 215-453-1024 or by the internet at www.hilltown.org.

# HILLTOWN TOWNSHIP BUCKS COUNTY, PA Statement of Net Position December 31, 2018

## Assets

Current Assets	
Cash	\$ 12,221,655
Taxes Receivable	1,122,167
Other Receivables	132,481
Due from Fiduciary Fund	2,928
Total Current Assets	13,479,231
Noncurrent Assets	
Net Capital Assets	22,401,767
Net Pension Asset	329,293
Total Noncurrent Assets	22,731,060
Total Assets	36,210,291
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred Pension Outflows	747,911
Liabilities	
Current Liabilities	
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses	87,991
Accrued Wages and Benefits	75,868
Total Current Liabilities	163,859
Noncurrent Liabilities	
Compensated Absences	159,835
Total Liabilities	323,694
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Deferred Pension Inflows	1,758,946
Net Position	
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	22,401,767
Restricted for	
Land Preservation	5,320,553
Capital Projects	1,157,245
Other Purposes	438,537
Unrestricted	5,557,460
Total Net Position	\$ 34,875,562
See Notes to Financial Statements	

See Notes to Financial Statements.

# HILLTOWN TOWNSHIP BUCKS COUNTY, PA Statement of Activities Year Ended December 31, 2018

			Program Reven			
Functions/Programs	E	xpenses	Charges for Services			
Governmental Activities						
General Government						
Legislative	\$	68,665	\$	0	\$	0
Executive		154,721		0		0
Finance and Tax Collection		188,311		0		0
Professional Services		146,198		0		0
General Government		796,930	2	343,283		15,489
Public Safety						
Police		3,436,870	2	223,966		160,128
Fire and Ambulance		337,305		0		117,806
Code Enforcement and Planning and Zoning		334,066	4	527,291		9,956
Highways						
Highway Maintenance		2,058,454	1	178,877		614,305
Snow and Ice Removal		181,677		500		0
Traffic Signals		31,830		5,110		0
Street Lights		52,505		55,533		0
Parks and Recreation		88,279		6,800		0
Conservation and Development		8,053		0		0
Total Governmental Activities	\$	7,883,864	\$ 1,3	341,360	\$	917,684

General Revenues Taxes Real Estate Taxes Real Estate Transfer Taxes Earned Income Taxes Other Taxes Interest Income and Rents Miscellaneous Total General Revenues Change in Net Assets

Net Position, Beginning of Year

Net Position, End of Year

Capital Grants and Contributions		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets
\$	0	\$ (68,665)
	0	(154,721)
	0	(188,311)
	0	(146,198)
	0	(438,158)
	0	(3,052,776)
	0	(219,499)
	0	203,181
9	1,283	(1,173,989)
	0	(181,177)
	0	(26,720)
	0	3,028
7	2,495	(8,984)
	0	(8,053)
\$ 16	53,778	(5,461,042)

1,959,863
553,232
2,956,723
234,815
271,898
184,835
6,161,366
700,324
34,175,238
\$ 34,875,562

# HILLTOWN TOWNSHIP BUCKS COUNTY, PA Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2018

		Open Space	Nonmajor Governmental	Total Governmental
	General Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
Assets	¢ 5 200 101	ф <u>г</u> 210 406	¢ 1 (0 <b>2</b> 0(0	ф 10 001 <i>с с с</i>
Cash	\$5,300,181	\$5,319,406	\$ 1,602,068	\$12,221,655
Taxes Receivable	1,113,673	1,147	7,347	1,122,167
Other Receivables	132,481	0	0	132,481
Due from (to) Other Funds	(6,046)	0	8,974	2,928
Total Assets	\$6,540,289	\$5,320,553	\$ 1,618,389	\$13,479,231
Liabilities and Fund Balances				
Liabilities				
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses	\$ 65,384	\$ 0	\$ 22,607	\$ 87,991
Accrued Wages and Benefits	75,868	0	0	75,868
Total Liabilities	141,252	0	22,607	163,859
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Deferred Tax Receipts	546,846	0	5,510	552,356
Fund Balances				
Restricted	0	4,844,740	226,892	5,071,632
Committed	4,709,719	0	0	4,709,719
Assigned	0	475,813	1,363,380	1,839,193
Unassigned	1,142,472	0	0	1,142,472
Total Fund Balances	5,852,191	5,320,553	1,590,272	12,763,016
	, ,	, ,	, , , :	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$6,540,289	\$5,320,553	\$ 1,618,389	\$13,479,231

# HILLTOWN TOWNSHIP BUCKS COUNTY, PA Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities December 31, 2018

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$ 12,763,016
Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Assets Are Different Because Capital Assets Used in Governmental Activities Are Not Financial Resources, and Therefore Not Reported in Funds, Net of Accumulated Depreciation of \$22,774,957.	22,401,767
Other Long-Term Assets Are Not Available to Pay Current Period Expenditures, and Therefore Are Deferred in the Funds. Taxes Receivable Net Pension Asset	552,356 329,293
Deferred Pension Outflows of Resources Are Not Available in the Current Period	747,911
Long-Term Liabilities Are Not Due and Payable in the Current Period, and Therefore Are Not Reported in the Funds. Compensated Absences	(159,835)
Deferred Pension Inflows of Resources Are Not Available in the Current Period	(1,758,946)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 34,875,562

# HILLTOWN TOWNSHIP BUCKS COUNTY, PA Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Year Ended December 31, 2018

	General Fund	Open Space Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues				
Taxes	\$5,407,040	\$ 5,649	\$ 379,091	\$ 5,791,780
Intergovernmental Revenues	335,414	0	582,170	917,584
Charges for Services	874,707	0	6,800	881,507
Fines, Licenses and Permits	404,320	0	0	404,320
Interest Income and Rents	158,637	80,518	32,743	271,898
Miscellaneous	184,934	0	163,778	348,712
Total Revenues	7,365,052	86,167	1,164,582	8,615,801
Expenditures				
General Government	692,995	0	19,887	712,882
Public Safety	4,026,716	0	191,709	4,218,425
Highways	1,377,149	0	573,385	1,950,534
Parks and Recreation	0	0	52,222	52,222
Conservation and Development	8,000	53	0	8,053
Capital Expenditures	0	0	664,652	664,652
Miscellaneous Governmental	52,190	0	0	52,190
Total Expenditures	6,157,050	53	1,501,855	7,658,958
Net Change in Fund Balances	1,208,002	86,114	(337,273)	956,843
Fund Balances				
Beginning of Year	4,644,189	5,234,439	1,927,545	11,806,173
End of Year	\$5,852,191	\$5,320,553	\$ 1,590,272	\$12,763,016

# **HILLTOWN TOWNSHIP BUCKS COUNTY, PA Reconciliation of the Net Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities** Year Ended December 31, 2018

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$	956,843
Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities Are Different Because		
Governmental Funds Report Capital Outlays As Expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the Cost of Those Assets Is Allocated Over Their Estimated Useful Lives as Depreciation Expense. This Is the Amount By Which Depreciation Expense of \$1,145,032 Exceeded Capital Outlays of \$664,652 in the Current Year.		(480,380)
Revenues in the Funds That Provide Current Resources Are Not Reported As Revenues in the Statement of Activities.		
Taxes Receivable		(31,614)
Some Expenses Reported in the Statement of Activities Do Not Require the Use of Current Financial Resources, and Therefore Are Not Reported As Expenditures in Governmental Funds.		
Compensated Absences		(33,218)
Other Benefits Do Not Require the Use of Current Financial Resources and, Therefore, Are Not Reported as Expenditures in Governmental Funds.		
Deferred Pension Outflows		(510,267)
Net Pension Asset/Liability		1,985,639
Deferred Pension Inflows	(	1,186,679)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	700,324

# HILLTOWN TOWNSHIP BUCKS COUNTY, PA Statement of Fiduciary Net Position December 31, 2018

	Pension Trust Funds	Agency Funds	
Assets			
Cash	\$ 0	\$ 1,604,969	
Investments	8,766,367	0	
Total Assets	8,766,367	1,604,969	
Liabilities			
Accounts Payable	0	22,482	
Due to Other Funds	0	2,928	
Escrow Deposits	0	1,579,559	
Total Liabilities	0	\$ 1,604,969	
Net Position			
Held in Trust for Pension Benefits	\$ 8,766,367		

# HILLTOWN TOWNSHIP BUCKS COUNTY, PA Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Year Ended December 31, 2018

Additions	
Contributions:	
Commonwealth	\$ 210,797
Member	85,780
Employer (Township)	155,685
Total Contributions	452,262
Investment Income	636,780
Total Additions	1,089,042
Deductions	
Benefits	1,784,122
Insurance Premiums	4,465
Administrative	1,000
Total Deductions	1,789,587
Decrease in Net Position	(700,545)
Net Position, Held in Trust	
Beginning of Year	9,466,912
End of Year	\$ 8,766,367

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### J. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflow of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Township has one type of this item that qualifies for reporting in this category.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflow of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until then. The Township has one type of this item that qualifies for reporting in this category in the government-wide financial statements. Additionally, the Township had one type of this item that qualifies for reporting in this category in the fund financial statements as well. Accordingly, this item, *unavailable revenue*, is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenue from three sources: property taxes, earned income taxes and local services taxes. The government wide statement does not report unavailable revenues.

#### K. Expenditures/Expenses

In the government-wide financial statements, expenses are classified by function for governmental activities.

In the fund financial statements, expenditures are classified as follows:

Governmental Funds - By Character

Current (further classified by function) Debt Service Capital Outlay

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report expenditures of financial resources.

#### L. Interfund Transfers

Permanent reallocations of resources between funds of the reporting entity are classified as interfund transfers. For the purposes of the Statement of Activities, any interfund transfers between individual governmental funds are eliminated.

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### A. Reporting Entity

Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, as amended by GASB No. 61, requires Hilltown Township to include all component units in its annual financial statements. A component unit is defined as any legally separate entity which is controlled by and is financially accountable to the Township.

The Township has no component units. Although the Township appoints the Hilltown Township Water and Sewer Authority (Authority) board members, there is no financial accountability between the Township and the Authority and, therefore, does not meet the criteria of a component unit.

In addition, the Township provides some financial support to seven fire companies – the Hilltown Township Volunteer Fire Company, and the Dublin, Perkasie, Sellersville, Silverdale, Souderton and Telford Fire Companies. Since there is no fiscal dependency, financial benefit or burden relationship, these organizations have been excluded from the reporting entity. The Township levies and collects real estate taxes designated for allocation among the seven fire companies. Additionally, on occasion the Township donates funds for various capital projects of the fire companies, and pays certain expenses on their behalf. Annual appropriations totaled \$161,020 for the year ended December 31, 2018.

#### **B.** Basis of Presentation

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the reporting government as a whole. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which primarily rely on fees and charges for support. Fiduciary funds are also excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### **B.** Basis of Presentation (Continued)

#### GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

The government-wide Statement of Activities presents a comparison between expenses, both direct and indirect, and program revenues for each governmental program. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and are, therefore, clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expenses for centralized services and administrative overhead are allocated among the programs, functions, and segments using a full cost allocation approach and are presented separately to enhance comparability of direct expenses between governments that allocate direct expenses and those that do not. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each program is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the Township.

Net position should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on net asset use are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The net position restricted for other purposes result from special revenue funds and the restrictions on their net asset use.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The accounts of the Township are organized on the basis of funds and account groups, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. Funds are organized into two major categories: governmental and fiduciary.

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### **B.** Basis of Presentation (Continued)

#### FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Fund financial statements report detailed information about the Township. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Township or if it meets the following criteria:

- 1. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and
- 2. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Therefore, governmental fund financial statements include reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The funds of the financial reporting entity are described below.

#### **Governmental Funds**

**General Fund** - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Township and is always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The Operating Reserve Fund has been combined with the General Fund to conform with the fund definitions set forth in GASB 54 – *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Type Definitions*.

**Special Revenue Funds** - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The reporting entity includes the following special revenue funds:

# 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

# **B.** Basis of Presentation (Continued)

# FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

## Governmental Funds (Continued)

# **Special Revenue Funds** (Continued)

Fund	Description	Major Fund?
Liquid Fuels	Accounts for revenues and expenditures of state liquid fuels grant funds	No
Street Light	Accounts for revenues and expenditures of street light tax funds	No
Fire Tax	Accounts for revenues and expenditures of fire protection tax funds	No
Open Space	Accounts for tax money received for protection of open space	Yes
Park and Recreation	Accounts for tax money received for parks and recreation	No

### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### B. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

## FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### Governmental Funds (Continued)

## **Capital Projects Funds**

Capital projects funds are used to account for financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

Fund	Description	Major Fund?
Capital Projects	Accounts for funds received from developers to be spent for capital projects in the Township	No
Road Equipment	Accounts for tax money received for the purchase of road equipment	No
Recreation Capital Reserve	Accounts for funds received from developers in lieu of recreation improvements to be used to construct recreational and park facilities	No
Stormwater System Reserve	Accounts for funds received from developers in lieu of stormwater improvements	No

**Debt Service Fund** - This fund was used to account for financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest. The Township had no debt service funds since 2015.

## **Fiduciary Funds**

**Pension Trust Funds and Agency Funds** - Pension Trust Funds (which include the Police and Non-Uniform Pension Plans that are administered by the Pennsylvania Municipal Retirement System) and Agency Funds (which include the Developers Escrow and Sewer Maintenance Funds) are used to account for assets held by a third party in the Township's name in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and/or other funds. Pension Trust Funds and Agency Funds are custodial in nature and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

#### **Measurement Focus**

On the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined below.

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate:

- 1. All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.
- 2. Fiduciary funds are not involved in the measurement of results of operations; therefore, measurement focus is not applicable to them.

#### **Basis of Accounting**

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned, and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when "measurable and available." Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available means collectible within the current period or within 60 days after year end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for general obligation bond principal and interest which are reported when due.

All fiduciary funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned, and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset is used.

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### **D.** Interfund Receivables and Payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. Those related to goods and services type transactions are classified as "due to and from other funds." Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the Statement of Net Position. See Note 7 for details of interfund transactions, including receivables and payables at year end.

## E. Receivables

In the government-wide statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year end and not yet received. No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been provided since management considers all accounts to be collectible. The Township is permitted to lien the resident's property if the resident does not remit payment. Major receivable balances for the governmental activities include real estate taxes, earned income taxes, franchise taxes, grants, and police fines.

In the fund financial statements, material receivables in governmental funds include revenue accruals such as real estate tax, earned income tax, franchise tax, and grants and other similar intergovernmental revenues since they are usually both measurable and available. Nonexchange transactions collectible but not available are deferred in the fund financial statements in accordance with the modified accrual basis of accounting, but not deferred in the government-wide financial statements in accordance with the accrual basis. Interest and investment earnings are recorded when earned only if paid within 60 days since they would be considered both measurable and available.

## F. Capital Assets

The accounting treatment over property, plant, and equipment (capital assets) depends on whether the assets are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

#### **Government-wide Statements**

In the government-wide financial statements, fixed assets are accounted for as capital assets. Repairs and maintenance are recorded as expenditures, and renewals and betterments are capitalized. All capital assets are valued at historical cost, except for infrastructure acquired before January 1, 2004, which is valued at estimated historical cost less accumulated depreciation.

### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### F. Capital Assets (Continued)

#### Government-wide Statements (Continued)

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives and the capitalization level by type of asset is shown below.

Classifications	Years
Land/Park Improvements	10-20
Buildings and Improvements	20-40
Equipment	5-10
Vehicles	5-10
Furniture and Fixtures	10
Traffic Lights	20
Infrastructure	40

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition.

## G. Long-Term Debt

All long-term debt to be repaid from governmental resources is reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term debt consists primarily of notes payable, if applicable, and accrued compensated absences.

Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. Any debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payment of principal and interest reported as expenditures.

## 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

## H. Compensated Absences

Township uniformed employees accumulate vacation and sick time in accordance with their contract. Uniformed employees can earn up to 240 hours of vacation time depending on their years of service. Uniformed employees may carry over 120 unused vacation hours per year.

Uniformed employees are entitled to up to 96 hours of sick leave per year. Sick time can be carried over, and up to 360 hours can be accumulated from year to year. Upon retirement, resignation or termination, the employee is not paid for accumulated sick time.

Township non-uniformed employees accumulate vacation and sick time in accordance with their contract. Non-uniformed employees can earn up to 184 hours of vacation time depending on their years of service. Non-uniformed employees may carry over 240 hours of vacation per year.

Non-uniformed employees are entitled to up to 96 hours of sick leave per year. Sick time can be carried over, and up to 240 hours of sick leave can be accumulated from year to year. Upon retirement, resignation or termination, non-uniformed employees are not paid for accumulated sick time.

The Township is liable to employees in the amount of \$159,835 for vested vacation pay at December 31, 2018.

## I. Equity Classifications

## **Government-Wide Statements**

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- 1. **Invested in capital assets, net of related debt** Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- 2. **Restricted net position** Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by a) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or b) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. Unrestricted net position All other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt".

## 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

## I. Equity Classifications (Continued)

## Fund Statements

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is further classified as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> – includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or they are legally or contractually required to be kept intact. The Township did not have any nonspendable fund balances at December 31, 2018.

<u>Restricted</u> – includes amounts that are restricted for specific purposes by constitutional provisions, enabling legislation, or externally imposed constraints.

 $\underline{\text{Committed}}$  – includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes with constraints that are established by a formal action of the Board of Supervisors. The constraint can only be changed or removed by another formal action of the Board. The Township's fund balance policy requires passage of a Resolution or an Ordinance by the Board in order to set aside funds as Committed.

<u>Assigned</u> – includes amounts that are constrained by the Township's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Assigned balances include all remaining government fund amounts, other than the General Fund, that are not classified as nonspendable, restricted or committed, and are intended for a specific purpose. The intent is expressed by the Board, or an individual to whom the Board has designated authority. The Township's fund balance policy grants this authority to the Township Manager and Finance Director/Treasurer, as well as the Board of Supervisors.

<u>Unassigned</u> – this amount is the residual classification for the General Fund, and any negative fund balances in other governmental funds. Other governmental funds cannot report any positive unassigned amounts.

When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, restricted fund balance is considered to have been spent first. When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications can be used, committed amounts should be reduced first, followed by assigned amounts, then unassigned amounts.

The Township does not currently have a formal minimum fund balance policy.

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### J. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflow of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Township has one type of this item that qualifies for reporting in this category.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflow of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until then. The Township has one type of this item that qualifies for reporting in this category in the government-wide financial statements. Additionally, the Township had one type of this item that qualifies for reporting in this category in the fund financial statements as well. Accordingly, this item, *unavailable revenue*, is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenue from three sources: property taxes, earned income taxes and local services taxes. The government wide statement does not report unavailable revenues.

## K. Expenditures/Expenses

In the government-wide financial statements, expenses are classified by function for governmental activities.

In the fund financial statements, expenditures are classified as follows:

Governmental Funds - By Character

Current (further classified by function) Debt Service Capital Outlay

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report expenditures of financial resources.

## L. Interfund Transfers

Permanent reallocations of resources between funds of the reporting entity are classified as interfund transfers. For the purposes of the Statement of Activities, any interfund transfers between individual governmental funds are eliminated.

## 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### M. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amount of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

## N. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

The following procedures are used by the Township in establishing budgetary data which is reflected in the financial statements.

- 1. The Township prepares and advertises a proposed budget at least 20 days before the budget is adopted.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain comments from taxpayers regarding the proposed budget.
- 3. The budget is formally adopted by the Board members prior to December 31.
- 4. The budget is prepared and adopted using the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is consistent with the basis used by the Township for financial reporting.
- 5. Amendments may be approved by the Board during the year.

## **Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations**

The Township has presented budget to actual comparisons for the General and Open Space Funds. For the year ended December 31, 2018, General Fund expenditures exceeded appropriations in the General Government category by \$71,330 and the Miscellaneous Governmental category by \$1,190. These excess expenditures were funded by greater than anticipated revenues.

## 2. Cash and Investments

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2018, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position:	
Cash	\$ 12,221,655
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position:	
Cash	1,604,969
Investments	8,766,367
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 22,592,991

#### A. Cash Deposits

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Township's deposits may not be returned to it. All Township deposits are entirely insured or collateralized under a pooled asset program to secure public deposits, in accordance with Act 72 of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. As of December 31, 2018, \$13,631,075 of the Township's bank balance of \$13,881,075 was uninsured, but collateralized by securities held by the bank or by its trust department or agent but not in the Township's name.

## **B.** Investments

At December 31, 2018, the Township's investments of \$8,766,367 were all held in fiduciary funds. The funds are invested in an external investment pool with the Pennsylvania Municipal Retirement System (PMRS) and are reported at fair value. PMRS functions as the investment and administrative agent for the Township's police and non-uniform pension plans (see Note 8).

#### **Investments Authorized by the Township**

The Township does not currently have an investment policy as all of their governmental funds are held in bank accounts. Fiduciary investments are held and managed by PMRS.

## Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The credit risk of a debt instrument is measured by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations such as Moody's Investor Services (Moody's) and Standard & Poor's (S&P). The Township does not currently have a policy with regard to credit risk. The credit risk for the Township's investments held in trust with PMRS was not available at December 31, 2018.

## 2. Cash and Investments (Continued)

#### B. Investments (Continued)

## **Interest Rate Risk**

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in interest rates. The Township does not have a formal policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. Information on the Township's interest rate risk on its fiduciary investments was not available to the Township at December 31, 2018.

#### 3. Fiduciary Funds - Escrow Fund

The Escrow Fund is an Agency Fund in that the Township has custodial capacity of funds deposited with it on behalf of developers and other applicants. At December 31, 2018, the Township had \$1,579,559 in escrow deposits and sewer maintenance deposits.

#### 4. **Property Taxes**

Taxes are levied on March 1, based on the assessed value established by the Bucks County Board of Assessments. Real property in the Township was originally assessed at \$225,879,110 for 2018. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 15 of the following year. The Township receives all tax collections through its tax collector. The Township is legally permitted to levy up to 14 mills of assessed property valuation for general purposes (19 mills with court approval), and 3 mills for fire tax purposes. The Township had the following millage rates for the year ended December 31, 2018: general purposes, 7.30 mills; fire tax purposes, 0.75 mills; park and recreation purposes, 0.2 mills; road equipment, 0.5 mills.

## 5. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2018, was as follows:

	Balance 1/1/18	Additions	Disposals	Balance 12/31/18
Governmental Activities Assets Not Being Depreciated				
Land/Conservation Easements	\$ 8,454,832	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 8,454,832
Depreciable Assets				
Land/Park Improvements	854,902	0	0	854,902
Buildings and Improvements	3,546,564	69,210	0	3,615,774
Equipment	1,341,480	71,759	55,947	1,357,292
Vehicles	2,220,030	316,481	105,960	2,430,551
Furniture and Fixtures	71,684	0	0	71,684
Traffic Lights	149,302	0	0	149,302
Infrastructure	28,035,185	207,202	0	28,242,387
Total at Historical Cost	44,673,979	664,652	161,907	45,176,724
Less Accumulated Depreciation				
Land/Park Improvements	400,550	32,767	0	433,317
Buildings and Improvements	1,801,890	97,074	0	1,898,964
Equipment	907,516	83,693	55,947	935,262
Vehicles	1,741,387	206,152	105,960	1,841,579
Furniture and Fixtures	71,177	497	0	71,674
Traffic Lights	70,768	7,236	0	78,004
Infrastructure	16,798,544	717,613	0	17,516,157
Total Accumulated Depreciation	21,791,832	1,145,032	161,907	22,774,957
Total Governmental Activities				
Net Capital Assets	\$ 22,882,147	\$ (480,380)	\$ 0	\$ 22,401,767

Depreciation expense was charged to programs as follows:

Governmental Activities	
General Government	\$ 598,981
Police	104,897
Highway Maintenance	405,097
Park	36,057
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 1,145,032

## 6. Fund Balance Classifications

	General Fund	Open Space Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total
<b>D</b>				
Restricted for:	\$ 0	¢ 4 0 4 4 7 4 0	\$ 0	¢ 1011740
Open Space Preservation Street Light Costs	\$ 0 0	\$ 4,844,740 0	\$	\$ 4,844,740 9,086
Highway Improvements	0	0	94,057	94,057
Parks and Recreation	0	0	119,095	119,095
Fire Protection	0	0	4,654	4,654
	0	4,844,740	226,892	5,071,632
	0	1,011,710	220,092	5,071,052
Committed for:				
General Operations	4,709,719	0	0	4,709,719
Assigned for:				
Open Space Preservation	0	475,813	0	475,813
Capital Acquisition and				
Construction	0	0	177,399	177,399
Parks and Recreation				
Improvements	0	0	696,990	696,990
Parks and Recreation	0	0	202,604	202,604
Fire Protection	0	0	5,327	5,327
Public Works Equipment	0	0	00.0((	00.0((
Acquisition	0	0	99,266	99,266
Stormwater System Improvements	0	0	181,794	181,794
Improvements	0	475,813	1,363,380	1,839,193
	0	475,015	1,505,580	1,039,195
Unassigned	1,142,472	0_	0	1,142,472
Total Fund Balances	\$ 5,852,191	\$ 5,320,553	\$ 1,590,272	\$12,763,016

#### 7. Interfund Transactions

Interfund transactions are as follows:

Purpose	Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
<b>Due to/from</b> Net Funds Advanced for Operating Costs Interest Income Payable	Street Light General	General Escrow	\$8,974 \$2,928

## 8. Defined Benefit Pension Plans

#### A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### **Basis of Accounting**

The Plans' financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions, if required, to the Plan are recognized when due, in accordance with Act 205. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the Plan.

#### Method Used to Value Investments

Investments are reported at fair value. The Plan' assets with PMRS are pooled for investment purposes and, therefore, do not represent specific identifiable securities.

## **B.** Plan Descriptions

#### **Plan Administration**

The Township contributes to two public employee retirement systems (PERS), one for its police employees and one for its non-uniformed employees, established in 1980 by resolutions 80-16 and 80-15, respectively. The plans were revised in 2012 by Ordinances 2012-2 and 2012-4. The Plan participates in the PMRS, which is an agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system, which consists of over 1,000 participating employer plans. It is the responsibility of PMRS to act as a common investment agent for participating municipal pension plans. PMRS maintains each municipality's plans separately with that municipality's contributions and related employees' contributions and account earnings and activity. Assets are held separately and may only be used for the payment of plan benefits to its members. Management of the plan is vested with PMRS, which consists of an eleven-member Board: the State Treasurer, Secretary of the Commonwealth, and nine other members appointed by the Governor. A copy of the plan's financial statements can be obtained by writing to the Pennsylvania Municipal Retirement System, PO Box 1165, Harrisburg, PA 17108.

#### 8. Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Continued)

#### B. Plan Descriptions (Continued)

#### Plan Administration (Continued)

Responsibility for PMRS is vested in the eleven-member Pennsylvania Municipality Retirement Board. There are over 900 participating employer plans, each of which has the authority to establish or amend its respective benefits and employee contribution rates, subject to PMRS Board approval. PMRS has the broad authority of enabling a municipality to design its own retirement benefit structure. As an alternative, PMRS has two basic benefit structures: one for municipal employees and one for uniformed employees (police and fire fighters). However, municipalities may provide for benefits different from those basic structures. Automatic postretirement benefit increases are optional in plan contracts. Some member municipalities include the automatic increase; others occasionally grant an ad hoc cost-of-living (COLA) increase. The most common method of granting a postretirement benefit increase is through PMRS' excess interest award. Member municipalities interested in amending benefits contact the PMRS staff to discuss desired amendments and to obtain a cost study. Amendments are drafted by the PMRS staff, reviewed by the Chief Counsel's Office, adopted by the municipality, and submitted to the Board for formal approval.

#### Plan Membership

At December 31, 2018, plan membership consisted of the following:

	Police	Non- Uniform
Active Employees	13	17
Retirees and Beneficiaries Currently Receiving Benefits	11	6
Terminated Employees Entitled to Benefits but Not Yet Receiving Them	1	2
Total	25	25

## 8. Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Continued)

# **B.** Plan Descriptions (Continued)

## **Benefits** Provided

The following table provides information concerning the **Township's Police Pension Plan**:

Covered Employees:	All full-time uniformed employees.
Normal Retirement:	Age 55 and the completion of 12 years of service.
Early Retirement:	After 24 years of service for voluntary terminations, after 8 years for involuntary terminations.
Vesting:	None for the first 12 years of service; thereafter, 100%.
Retirement Benefit:	The annual basic benefit shall be calculated by multiplying the member's final average salary (the average compensation of the participant's last 36 months of employment) by all years of credited service and multiplied by the benefit accrual rate of 2%, not to exceed 50% of final average salary, plus a service increment that is not to exceed \$100 per month, if officer completes 26 years or more of benefit service.
Death Benefit Before Retirement:	Beneficiary receives the balance of the officer's account.
After Retirement:	A pension shall be provided to a retired officer's spouse or to the spouse of an officer eligible to retire, equal to 50% of the eligible pension. If no spouse, then payable to an eligible child.
Disability Benefit Service Related:	A disability pension shall be provided to an officer with a total and permanent service related disability equal to 50% of the officer's monthly salary at the time of disability.
Non-Service Related:	A 30% disability benefit is provided to a member who has at least 10 years of service.
Member Contributions Rate:	5% of compensation.
Interest Rate Credited to Member Contributions:	5.25% per annum.

## 8. Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Continued)

## **B.** Plan Descriptions (Continued)

## **Benefits Provided** (Continued)

The following table provides information concerning the Township's Non-Uniform Employees' Pension Plan:

Covered Employees:	All full-time non-uniformed employees employed by the Township.
Normal Retirement:	Age 60 and the completion of 12 years of credited service.
Early Retirement:	After 20 years of service for voluntary retirement, or after 8 years for involuntary retirement.
Vesting:	None for the first 12 years of service; thereafter 100%.
Retirement Benefit:	The annual basic benefit shall be calculated by multiplying the member's final average salary (the average compensation of the participant's last five years of employment) by all years of credited service and multiplied by the benefit accrual rate of 1.25%.
Death Benefit Before Retirement:	Beneficiary receives the present value of the accrued pension benefit at the date of death.
After Retirement:	The form of benefit payment in force for such participant at the time death occurs.
Disability Benefit:	A service-related disability pension shall be provided to an employee equal to 50% of the member's monthly salary at the time of disability. A 30% disability benefit is provided to a member who has at least 10 years of service. For a non-service-related disability, a 30% disability benefit is provided to a member who has at least 10 years of service
Member Contributions Rate:	N/A

## 8. Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Continued)

#### **B. Plan Descriptions** (Continued)

#### Contributions

For the Police Plan, participating employees can be required to contribute 5% of their salary to the Plan. For the year 2018, members contributed 5% of their salary to the Plan. If a participating employee leaves covered employment of the Township, other than due to employment-connected death or disability, before 12 years of credited service, accumulated employee contributions plus related investment earnings are refunded to the employee or to a designated beneficiary.

For the Non-Uniform Plan, participating employees can be required to contribute 3.5% of their salary to the Plan. For the year 2018, members contributed 0% of their salary to the Plan. If a participating employee leaves covered employment of the Township, other than due to employment-connected death or disability, before 12 years of credited service, accumulated employee contributions plus related investment earnings are refunded to the employee or to a designated beneficiary.

The Township's funding policy provides for actuarially determined periodic contributions at rates that, for individual employees, increase gradually over time so that sufficient assets will be available to pay benefits when due. The employer's contribution rate for normal cost is determined using the entry age normal actuarial funding method.

The Township's covered employees may be required to contribute a percentage of their salary to the employees' PERS as noted above. The Township is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to fund the plans, using the actuarial basis specified by state statute. The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania also provides funds (distribution of foreign casualty insurance premium taxes) to the Township, which are used by the Township in making its regular contributions to the plans.

## C. Investments

The Plans' assets are managed by the Pennsylvania Municipal Retirement System (PMRS). The Plans' assets with PMRS are pooled for investment purposes and, therefore, do not represent specific identifiable investment securities. Disclosures required by GASB Statement No. 3 for aggregate PMRS investments are included in PMRS' separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the CAFR can be obtained from the PMRS or contacting their accounting office.

### 8. Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Continued)

#### C. Investments (Continued)

The PMRS Board is governed by the "prudent investor" rule in establishing investment policy. The "prudent investor" rule requires the exercise of that degree of judgment, skill, and care under the circumstances then prevailing which investors of prudence, discretion, and intelligence, who are familiar with such matters, exercise in the management of their own affairs not in regard to speculation, but in regard to permanent disposition of the funds, considering the probable income to be derived there from, as well as the probable safety of their capital.

The Board has adopted its Statement of Investment Policy to formally document investment objectives and responsibilities. This policy, as well as applicable state law, established guidelines for permissible investments of PMRS. The pension plan's policy in regards to the allocation of invested plan assets is established and may be amended by the Board. For the measurement period ending December 31, 2017, the adopted allocation policy is as follows:

Domestic Equities (Large Capitalized Firms)	25%
Domestic Equities (Small Capitalized Firms)	15%
International Equities (Developed Markets)	15%
International Equities (Emerging Markets)	10%
Fixed Income	15%
Real Estate	20%

## **Rate of Return**

For the year ended December 31, 2018, the annual money-weighted rate of return on Police Plan and NU Plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was 17.84%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for changing amounts actually invested.

## D. Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP)

An active member who has met the eligibility requirements for the program, which are age 55 and 25 years of service, may elect to participate in the deferred retirement option program for a period of at least one year, but not more than three years. Monthly pension shall be calculated as of the date of participation in the program and shall be accumulated with interest earned on the PMRS DROP account and distributed in a lump sum at retirement.

As of December 31, 2018, there were three participants in the DROP program, and the balance held by the Plan for the DROP program was \$403,636.

#### 8. **Defined Benefit Pension Plans** (Continued)

#### E. Net Pension Liability (Asset) of the Township

The components of the net pension liabilities (assets) of the Township at December 31, 2018, were as follows:

	Police	Non-Uniform
Total Pension Liability Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$14,030,878 (14,127,844)	\$ 4,781,591 (5,013,918)
Township's Net Pension Asset	\$ (96,966)	\$ (232,327)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position As a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	100.7%	100.5%

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability for the Plans were determined by rolling forward the liabilities from an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2017, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement.

	Police Per Year	Non-Uniform Per Year
Salary Increases	Age-related scale with merit and inflation component	Age-related scale with merit and inflation component
Investment Rate of Return Inflation	5.25% 3%	5.25% 3%

See Schedule of Township Contributions on pages 62 and 63 for details on mortality rates assumptions.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2017, Plan valuations were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period covering January 1, 2009 through December 31, 2013. These assumptions have been changed for the current measurement.

The net pension liability for both Plans were measured as of December 31, 2016. Because the beginning and end of year total pension liabilities are based upon the same actuarial valuation dates, there is no difference between expected and actual experiences reported in 2017. The beginning of the year total pension liabilities are based upon the January 1, 2017, actuarial valuation, with liabilities measured at December 31, 2016. The end of year total pension liabilities are based upon the same actuarial valuation dates, are based upon the same actuarial valuation, with liabilities measured at December 31, 2016. The end of year total pension liabilities are based upon the same actuarial valuation with liabilities rolled forward to December 31, 2017.

#### 8. Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Continued)

#### E. Net Pension Liability of the Township (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of inflation) are developed for each major asset class, for the portfolio as a whole, and at different levels of probability or confidence. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plans' target asset allocation as of December 31, 2018 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Police Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return, Per Year	Non-Uniform Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return, Per Year
Domestic Equity	5.6-7.2%	5.6-7.2%
International Equity	4.6-8.7%	4.6-8.7%
Real Estate	6.2%	6.2%
Fixed Income	2.1%	2.1%
Cash	0.0%	0.0%

## 8. Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Continued)

# E. Net Pension Liability of the Township (Continued)

# Changes in the Net Pension Liability

Changes in the net pension liability for the measurement date of December 31, 2017, are as follows:

	Police Pension Plan Increase (Decrease)					
	Total Pension Liability (a)	Net Pension Liability (Asset) (a) – (b)				
Balance at December 31, 2016	\$ 13,696,873	\$ 12,292,822	\$ 1,404,051			
Changes for the Year						
Service Cost	217,724	0	217,724			
Interest	715,001	0	715,001			
Changes of Assumptions	0	0	0			
Difference Between Actual and Expected Experience	0	0	0			
Contributions – Employer	0	294,761	(294,761)			
Contributions – Employee	0	81,929	(81,929)			
Contributions – PMRS Assessment	0	510	(510)			
Net Investment Income	0	1,433,556	(1,433,556)			
Market Value Investment Income	0	653,542	(653,542)			
Benefit Payments	(598,720)	(598,720)	0			
Administrative Expenses	0	(30,556)	30,556			
Net Changes	334,005	1,835,022	(1,501,017)			
Balances at December 31, 2017	\$ 14,030,878	\$ 14,127,844	\$ (96,966)			

	Non-Uniform Pension Plan						
	Increase (Decrease)						
	Total Pension	Plan Fiduciary	Net Pension				
	Liability	Net Position	Liability (Asset)				
	(a)	(b)	(a) - (b)				
Balance at December 31, 2016	\$ 4,506,131	\$ 4,253,836	\$ 252,295				
Changes for the Year	i	. <u> </u>					
Service Cost	93,914	0	93,914				
Interest	239,988	0	239,988				
Change in Assumptions	0	0	0				
Difference Between Actual and Expected Experience	0	0	0				
Contributions – Employer	0	96,451	(96,451)				
Contributions – PMRS Assessment	0	520	(520)				
Net Investment Income	0	497,657	(497,657)				
Market Value Investment Income	0	235,171	(235,171)				
Benefit Payments	(58,442)	(58,442)	0				
Administrative Expense	0	(11,275)	11,275				
Net Changes	275,460	760,082	(484,622)				
Balances at December 31, 2017	\$ 4,781,591	\$ 5,013,918	\$ (232,327)				

#### 8. Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Continued)

#### E. Net Pension Liability of the Township (Continued)

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 5.25% for both Plans. The pension plans' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

**Pension Expense and the Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions** For the year ended December 31, 2018, the Township recognized pension expense of \$32,847 and \$45,012 in the Police and Non-Uniform Plans, respectively. At December 31, 2018, the Township reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Police				
	Deferred	Deferred			
	Outflows of	Inflows of			
	Resources	Resources			
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$ 44,631	\$ (174,631)			
Changes in Assumptions	255,613	(227,547)			
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings					
on Pension Plan Investments	0	(927,634)			
Contributions by Employer After the Measurement Date	264,928	0			
	\$ 565,172	\$(1,329,812)			

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

For the Year Ending December 31	Amount
2019	\$ (194,962)
2020	(186,652)
2021	(336,750)
2022	(362,328)
2023	51,124
	\$(1,029,568)

## 8. Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Continued)

## E. Net Pension Liability of the Township (Continued)

**Pension Expense and the Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions** (Continued)

	Non-Uniform			
	Deferred	Deferred		
	Outflows of	Inflows of		
	Resources	Resources		
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience Changes of Assumptions	\$ 10,218 70,967			
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings on Pension Plan Investments	0	(366,513)		
Contributions by Employer After the Measurement Date	101,554	0		
	\$ 182,739	\$ (429,134)		

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

For the Year Ending	
December 31	Amount
2010	
2019	\$ (64,995)
2020	(66,723)
2021	(117,525)
2022	(98,706)
	\$ (347,949)

## 8. Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Continued)

## E. Net Pension Liability of the Township (Continued)

## Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liabilities of the Township, calculated using the discount rate of 5.25% for both the Police and Non-Uniform Plans, as well as what the Township's net pension liabilities would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate.

	1% Decrease (4.25%)	Current Discount Rate (5.25%)	1% Increase (6.25%)
Net Police Pension Liability (Asset)	\$1,545,360	\$(96,996)	\$(1,471,710)
	1% Decrease (4.25%)	Current Discount Rate (5.25%)	1% Increase (6.25%)
Net Non-Uniform Pension Liability (Asset)	\$180,756	\$(232,327)	\$(590,338)

## 9. Post-Employment Benefits

In addition to the pension benefits described in Note 8, the Township provides post-employment health care benefits through a defined contribution plan, in accordance with the retiree medical plan, to all uniformed employees who retire from the Township in accordance to the criteria outlined in the police collective bargaining agreement.

The Township makes yearly contributions to a medical reimbursement account established on behalf of each eligible employee, based on the terms in the police contract. The contribution for the year ended December 31, 2018 was \$30,834. Employees are not required to contribute to the plan.

Under the terms of the plan, eligible retirees shall be entitled to receive reimbursement for eligible medical expenses up to the amount maintained in their medical reimbursement account maintained for the respective retiree. Eligible medical expenses are any medical expenses that would be eligible for deduction on an individual income tax return, other than direct long-term care expenses, and without regard to any limitations imposed based on the adjusted gross income of an eligible employee. Any plan participant who separates from police employment with the Township prior to retirement shall have his or her medical reimbursement accounts revert back to the Township. The accounts also revert back to the Township upon the death of the participant.

The plan became effective January 1, 2009. Currently, there are three retirees who have received benefits, and 17 uniformed employees are receiving contributions in their medical reimbursement account.

#### **10.** Deferred Compensation Plan

The Township offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457. The plan permits participating employees to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency.

The assets of the plan are placed in trust for the exclusive benefit of participants and their beneficiaries. The requirements of IRC Section 457(g) prescribe that the Township is not the owner of the amounts deferred by employees, including the related income on those amounts. Accordingly, the assets and the related liability for the compensation deferred by plan participants, including earnings on plan assets, are not included in the Township's financial statements.

#### 11. Risk Management

The Township is exposed to various kinds of loss related to limited torts; theft of, and damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the Township carries commercial insurance.

## a. Health Care Coverage

The Township participates in the Delaware Valley Health Trust (DVHT). DVHT is a regional risk sharing pool providing health insurance benefits to employees and dependents of participating municipalities.

## b. Workers' Compensation Coverage

The Township participates in the Delaware Valley Workers' Compensation Trust (DVWCT). DVWCT is a regional risk sharing pool providing workers' compensation benefits to employees. The volunteer firemen's workers' compensation benefits are provided through the state program.

#### c. Insurance Coverage

The Township participates in the Delaware Valley Insurance Trust (DVIT). DVIT is a regional risk sharing pool that provides commercial, liability and bonding coverage for the Township.

Management believes the above coverages are sufficient to preclude any significant uninsured losses to the Township. There have been no significant reductions in coverage from the prior year.

## 12. Contingencies

The Township is party to various legal proceedings which normally occur in the course of governmental operations. The financial statements do not include accruals or provisions for loss contingencies that may result from these proceedings. While the outcome of the above noted proceedings cannot be predicted, due to the insurance coverage maintained by the Township, management feels that any settlement of judgment not covered by insurance would not materially affect the financial condition of the Township.

#### 13. Related Party Transactions

During the year, the Township received \$31,104 from the Hilltown Township Water and Sewer Authority for cell tower rentals.

#### 14. Recent Accounting Pronouncements Issued, Not Yet Effective

#### **Fiduciary Activities**

In January 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 84 - Fiduciary Activities. The objective of this statement is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes, and how those activities should be reported. The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018. Management has not yet determined the effect this update will have on the Township's financial statements.

#### Leases

In June 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 87 - Leases. This Statement establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under the Statement, a lesse is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019. Management has not yet determined the effect this update will have on the Township's financial statements.

#### **15.** Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events and transactions through June 19, 2019, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued, and determined that, based upon such events and transactions, no adjustment to, or additional disclosure in the financial statements is required.

## HILLTOWN TOWNSHIP BUCKS COUNTY, PA Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in the Township's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Police Pension Plan December 31, 2018 (Unaudited)

	Measurement Date as of December 31,													
	2017		2016		2016		2016		2016			2015		2014
Total Pension Liability														
Service Cost	\$ 217	724	\$	195,144	\$	270,302	\$	293,988						
Interest		,001		716,784	Ψ	706,740	Ψ	666,256						
Changes in Benefit Terms	, 10	0		0		0		000,200						
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience		0	C	244,483)		0		104,135						
Changes of Assumptions		0		357,857		(398,208)		0						
Benefit Payments (Including Refunds of Member Contributions)	(598	,720)		327,058)		(315,216)		(294,300)						
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	334	,005	(	598,244		263,618		770,079						
Total Dansian Linkility														
Total Pension Liability	12 606	072	120	000 620	1	2 725 011	1	1 064 022						
Beginning of Year	13,696	,8/3	12,9	998,629		2,735,011	1	1,964,932						
End of Year	\$ 14,030	,878	\$ 13,6	596,873	\$1	2,998,629	\$ 1	2,735,011						
Plan Fiduciary Net Position														
Contributions														
Employer	\$ 295	271	\$ 2	278,370	\$	307,434	\$	231,746						
Member		929		80,524		87,400		97,792						
Net Investment Income (Loss)	2,087	,098	-	760,968		(105,023)		644,800						
Benefit Payments (Including Refunds of Member Contributions)	(598	,720)	(3	327,058)		(315,216)		(294,300)						
Administrative Expense	(30	,556)		(31,826)		(27,429)		(23,635)						
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	1,835	,022		760,978		(52,834)		656,403						
Plan Fiduciary Net Position														
Beginning of Year	12,292	822	11 4	531,844	1	1,584,678	1	0,928,275						
	,_,_		,					<u>,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,</u>						
End of Year	\$ 14,127	,844	\$ 12,2	292,822	\$ 1	1,531,844	\$ 1	1,584,678						

## HILLTOWN TOWNSHIP BUCKS COUNTY, PA Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in the Township's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Police Pension Plan December 31, 2018 (Unaudited)

	Measurement Date as of December 31,								
	2017 2016		2015	2014					
(Continued)									
Township's Ending Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ (96,996)	\$ 1,404,051	\$ 1,466,785	\$ 1,150,333					
Plan Fiduciary Net Position As a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	100.7%	89.7%	88.7%	91.0%					
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 1,639,655	\$ 1,610,469	\$ 1,747,984	\$ 1,903,578					
Township's Net Pension Liability (Asset) As a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll	(5.9)%	87.2%	83.9%	60.4%					
Change in benefit terms: None									

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a 10-year trend is complete, available information is presented.

## HILLTOWN TOWNSHIP BUCKS COUNTY, PA Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in the Township's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Non-Uniform Pension Plan December 31, 2018 (Unaudited)

	Measurement Date as of December 31,							
		2017	2016		2016 2015			2014
Total Pension Liability								
Service Cost	\$	93,914	\$	84,467	\$	86,229	\$	89,869
Interest	Ψ	239,988	Ψ	236,208	Ψ	221,762	Ψ	206,453
Changes of Benefit Terms		0		0		0		0
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience		0		(93,931)		0		30,654
Changes of Assumptions		0		98,913		10,051		0
Benefit Payments (Including Refunds of Member Contributions)		(58,442)		(58,721)		(48,665)		(41,413)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		275,460		266,936		269,377		285,563
Tatal Dansian Liability								
Total Pension Liability Beginning of Year		4,506,131		4,239,195		3,969,818		3,684,255
Degnining of Tear		4,500,151		4,239,193		5,707,818		5,084,255
End of Year	\$	4,781,591	\$	4,506,131	\$	4,239,195	\$	3,969,818
Plan Fiduciary Net Position								
Contributions								
Employer	\$	96,971	\$	81,384	\$	87,655	\$	73,825
Member		0		0		0		0
Net Investment Income (Loss)		732,828		331,296		(11,654)		195,839
Benefit Payments (Including Refunds of Member Contributions)		(58,442)		(58,721)		(48,665)		(41,413)
Administrative Expense		(11,275)		(11,648)		(9,479)		(8,262)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		760,082		342,311		17,857		219,989
Plan Fiduciary Net Position								
Beginning of Year		4,253,836		3,911,525		3,893,668		3,673,679
		, , , _		, ,		<i>, , <sup>-</sup></i>		<i>, ,</i> .
End of Year	\$	5,013,918	\$	4,253,836	\$	3,911,525	\$	3,893,668

## HILLTOWN TOWNSHIP BUCKS COUNTY, PA Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in the Township's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Non-Uniform Pension Plan December 31, 2018 (Unaudited)

	Measurement Date as of December 31,							
	2017	2016	2015	2014				
(Continued)								
Township's Ending Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ (232,327)	\$ 252,295	\$ 327,670	\$ 76,150				
Plan Fiduciary Net Position As a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	104.5%	94.4%	92.2%	98.1%				
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 1,244,436	\$ 1,183,775	\$ 1,119,646	\$ 1,126,981				
Township's Net Pension Liability (Asset) As a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll	(18.7)%	21.3%	29.2%	6.7%				
Change in benefit terms: None								

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a 10-year trend is complete, available information is presented.

## HILLTOWN TOWNSHIP BUCKS COUNTY, PA Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Township Contributions Police Pension Plan December 31, 2018 (Unaudited)

	2017	2016	2015	2014	
Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$295,261	\$278,370	\$307,414	\$231,746	
Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$295,301	\$278,370	\$307,434	\$231,746	
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$(40)	\$0	\$(20)	\$0	
Covered Employee Payroll	\$1,639,655	\$1,610,469	\$1,747,984	\$1,903,578	
Contributions As a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll	18.01%	17.29%	17.59%	12.17%	

#### Notes to Schedule:

#### Valuation Date:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of January 1, for the odd valuation year at least two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which the contributions are reported.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:	
Actuarial Valuation Date	January 1, 2015
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level Dollar Closed
Asset Valuation Method	Based on the municipal reserves
Inflation	3.0%
Salary Increases	Age-related scale with merit and inflation component
Investment Rate of Return	5.5%
Retirement Age	Normal Retirement Age
Pre-Retirement Mortality	Males – RP2000 Table with 1 year set back, Females – RP2000 Table with 5 year set back
Post-Retirement Mortality	Sex distinct RP2000 Combined Healthy Mortality

## HILLTOWN TOWNSHIP BUCKS COUNTY, PA Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Township Contributions Non-Uniform Pension Plan December 31, 2018 (Unaudited)

	2017	2016	2015	2014
Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$96,911	\$81,364	\$87,635	\$72,077
Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$96,971	\$81,384	\$87,655	\$73,825
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$(60)	\$(20)	\$(20)	\$(1,748)
Covered Employee Payroll	\$1,244,436	\$1,183,775	\$1,119,646	\$1,126,981
Contributions As a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll	7.8%	6.9%	7.83%	6.55%

#### Notes to Schedule:

#### Valuation Date:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of January 1, for the odd valuation year at least two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which the contributions are reported.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

internetes und rissumptions ested to betermine contribution rates.	
Actuarial Valuation Date	January 1, 2015
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level Dollar Closed
Asset Valuation Method	Based on the municipal reserves
Inflation	3.0%
Salary Increases	Age-related scale with merit and inflation component
Investment Rate of Return	5.5%
Retirement Age	Normal Retirement Age
Mortality	RP2000 Table
Pre-Retirement Mortality	Males – RP2000 Table with 1 year set back, Females – RP2000 Table with 5 year set back
Post-Retirement Mortality	Sex distinct RP2000 Combined Healthy Mortality
-	· · ·

## HILLTOWN TOWNSHIP BUCKS COUNTY, PA Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Investment Returns December 31, 2018 (Unaudited)

	Police	Non-Uniform
Annual Money-Weighted Rate of Return, Net of Investment Expense		
2017	17.84%	17.84%
2016	8.23%	8.23%
2015	(0.27)%	(0.27)%
2014	5.20%	5.20%
2013	7.28%	7.28%

# HILLTOWN TOWNSHIP BUCKS COUNTY, PA Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual General and Open Space Funds Year Ended December 31, 2018

	General Fund					
	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)			
Revenues						
Taxes	\$ 5,021,898	\$ 5,407,040	\$ 385,142			
Intergovernmental Revenues	398,023	335,414	(62,609)			
Charges for Services	755,749	874,707	118,958			
Fees, Licenses and Permits	411,400	404,320	(7,080)			
Interest Income and Rents	82,070	158,637	76,567			
Miscellaneous	2,500	184,934	182,434			
Total Revenues	6,671,640	7,365,052	693,412			
Expenditures						
General Government	621,665	692,995	(71,330)			
Public Safety	4,083,750	4,026,716	57,034			
Highways	1,449,280	1,377,149	72,131			
Conservation and Development	8,000	8,000	0			
Miscellaneous Governmental	51,000	52,190	(1,190)			
Total Expenditures	6,213,695	6,157,050	56,645			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over						
Expenditures Before Other Financing						
Sources (Uses)	457,945	1,208,002	750,057			
<b>Other Financing Sources (Uses)</b>						
Operating Transfers In	250,000	0	(250,000)			
Operating Transfers In	230,000	0	(230,000)			
Net Change in Fund Balances	707,945	1,208,002	500,057			
Fund Balances						
Beginning of Year	2,340,961	4,644,189	2,303,228			
End of Year	\$ 3,048,906	\$ 5,852,191	\$ 2,803,285			

See Notes to Financial Statements.

<b>Open Space Fund</b>								
					ariance			
					vorable			
<u> </u>	Budget		Actual	(Uni	avorable)			
\$	0	\$	5,649	\$	5,649			
	0		0		0			
	0		0		0			
	0		0		0			
	45,000		80,518		35,518			
	0		0		0			
	45,000		86,167		41,167			
	0		0		0			
	0		0		0			
	0		0		0			
	100		53		47			
	0		0		47 0			
	100		53		47			
	100				17			
	44,900		86,114		41,214			
	,900		00,114		71,217			
	_							
	0		0		0			
	44,900		86,114		41,214			
4	5,228,217	5	5,234,439		6,222			
					, ,			
\$ 5	5,273,117	\$ 5	5,320,553	\$	47,436			

## HILLTOWN TOWNSHIP BUCKS COUNTY, PA Notes to Schedules of Budget to Actual Comparisons December 31, 2018

## 1. Basis of Presentation

The Township has prepared the Schedule of Budget to Actual Comparisons using the same format as the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances.

The Township did not amend its 2018 budget as originally adopted and, therefore, is presenting its original and final budget in one column for each fund presented.

## 2. Differences in Budget Basis versus GAAP Basis

Miscellaneous governmental expenditures are budgeted for as such. Actual expenses have been allocated to activities.

# HILLTOWN TOWNSHIP BUCKS COUNTY, PA Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds December 31, 2018

	Fire	Tax Fund	eet Light Fund	Lic	uid Fuels Fund	Park and reation Fund
Assets						
Cash	\$	12,643	\$ 0	\$	94,057	\$ 321,491
Taxes Receivable		3,608	403		0	945
Due from Other Funds		0	 8,974		0	 0
Total Assets	\$	16,251	\$ 9,377	\$	94,057	\$ 322,436
Liabilities and Fund Balances						
Liabilities						
Accounts Payable and Accrued						
Expenses	\$	3,554	\$ 0	\$	0	\$ 30
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Deferred Tax Receipts		2,716	 291		0	 707
Fund Balances						
Restricted		4,654	9,086		94,057	119,095
Assigned		5,327	0		0	202,604
Total Fund Balances		9,981	 9,086		94,057	 321,699
Total Liabilities and Fund						
Balances	\$	16,251	\$ 9,377	\$	94,057	\$ 322,436

Сар	ital Projects Fund	ecreation ital Reserve	Equi	Road pment Fund	System Reserve Fund		G	overnmental Funds
\$	196,275 0 0	\$ 697,137 0 0	\$	98,671 2,391 0	\$	181,794 0 0	\$	1,602,068 7,347 8,974
\$	196,275	\$ 697,137	\$	101,062	\$	181,794	\$	1,618,389
\$	18,876	\$ 147	\$	0	\$	0	\$	22,607
	0	 0		1,796		0		5,510
	0 177,399 177,399	 0 696,990 696,990		0 99,266 99,266		0 181,794 181,794		226,892 1,363,380 1,590,272
\$	196,275	\$ 697,137	\$	101,062	\$	181,794	\$	1,618,389

Total Nonmajor

Stormwater

# HILLTOWN TOWNSHIP BUCKS COUNTY, PA Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Fire Tax Fund		Street Light Fund Fund		Liquid Fuels Fund		Park and Recreation Fund	
Revenues	111		-	Tullu		r'unu	Keen	
Taxes	\$	167,507	\$	55,242	\$	0	\$	44,669
Intergovernmental Revenues		0	•	0	•	582,170	•	0
Charges for Services		0		0		0		6,800
Interest Income and Rents		1,108		0		4,433		4,908
Miscellaneous		0		0		0		0
Total Revenues		168,615		55,242		586,603		56,377
Expenditures								
General Government		2,635		0		0		703
Public Safety		161,020		0		0		0
Highways		0		51,724		515,140		0
Parks and Recreation		0		0		0		41,965
Capital Expenditures		0		0		0		11,299
Total Expenditures		163,655		51,724		515,140		53,967
Net Change in Fund Balances		4,960		3,518		71,463		2,410
Fund Balances								
Beginning of Year		5,021		5,568		22,594		319,289
End of Year	\$	9,981	\$	9,086	\$	94,057	\$	321,699

Capital Projects Fund		Recreation Capital Reserve		Road Equipment Fund		Stormwater System Reserve Fund		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
\$	0	\$ 0	\$	111,673	\$	0	\$	379,091	
	0	0		0		0		582,170	
	0	0		0		0		6,800	
	3,910	10,138		3,632		4,614		32,743	
	65,096	72,495		0		26,187		163,778	
	69,006	82,633		115,305		30,801		1,164,582	
	14,793	0		1,756		0		19,887	
	30,689	0		0		0		191,709	
	0	0		2,761		3,760		573,385	
	0	10,257		0		0		52,222	
	145,108	19,954		301,043		187,248		664,652	
	190,590	30,211		305,560		191,008		1,501,855	
	(121,584)	52,422		(190,255)		(160,207)		(337,273)	
	298,983	 644,568		289,521		342,001		1,927,545	
\$	177,399	\$ 696,990	\$	99,266	\$	181,794	\$	1,590,272	

# HILLTOWN TOWNSHIP BUCKS COUNTY, PA Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Pension Trust Funds December 31, 2018

	Police Pension	Total		
Assets				
Investments	\$ 6,457,093	\$ 2,309,274	\$ 8,766,367	
Liabilities	0	0	0	
<b>Net Position</b> Held in Trust for Pension Benefits	\$ 6,457,093	\$ 2,309,274	\$ 8,766,367	

# HILLTOWN TOWNSHIP BUCKS COUNTY, PA Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Pension Trust Funds December 31, 2018

	Police Pension	Non-Uniform Pension	Total
Additions			
Contributions:			
Commonwealth	\$ 153,882	\$ 56,915	210,797
Member	85,780	0	85,780
Employer (Township)	111,046	44,639	155,685
Total Contributions	350,708	101,554	452,262
Investment Income	443,345	193,435	636,780
Total Additions	794,053	294,989	1,089,042
Deductions			
Benefits	0	1,784,122	1,784,122
Insurance Premiums	2,265	2,200	4,465
Administrative	500	500	1,000
Total Deductions	2,765	1,786,822	1,789,587
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	791,288	(1,491,833)	(700,545)
Net Position, Held in Trust			
Beginning of Year	5,665,805	3,801,107	9,466,912
End of Year	\$ 6,457,093	\$ 2,309,274	\$ 8,766,367